#### **Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) Initial Screening**

Title of EQIA	Development and Flood Risk SPD
Date	07/05/2021
Officer carrying out screening	Sarah Barker
Service Area	Planning & Development
Project Sponsor	Martyn Fulcher

The characteristics protected by the Equality Act are: **Disability, Age, Sex (gender), Gender reassignment, Marriage/civil partnership, Pregnancy/maternity, Race, Sexual orientation and Religion/belief.** 

The purpose of this Equality Impact Assessment is to achieve the following.

By law we must have due regard to the need to:

- (a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Act
- (b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it
- (c) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.

Further information on each of the characteristics can be found at the end of the document.

## 1. Project/Proposal/ Service changes

What is proposed?	Consultation on a draft updated Development and Flood Risk Supplementary Planning Document to replace that published in 2016.	
Why are the changes being introduced?	To reflect updated evidence of flood risk and the completion of tidal flood defences.	
What evidence is being used to support this equality impact analysis?	Evidence that Ipswich has a relatively young population but that the number of older people is increasing.	
How will this change be implemented?	The Supplementary Planning Document would be implemented through the determination of planning applications.	

# 2 Equality Impact Analysis

Who is affected?	Impact (positive/negative/no change)	Explanation of impact	Actions to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact
Age	Positive	In providing guidance on measures such as the provision of safe escape or refuge where necessary, the Development and Flood Risk Supplementary Planning Document can help to ensure the safety of people who may be less mobile.	
Disability	Positive	In providing guidance on measures such as the provision of safe escape or refuge where necessary, the Development and Flood Risk Supplementary Planning Document can help to ensure the safety of people who may be less mobile.	
Gender reassignment	No Impact	As the Development and Flood Risk SPD deals with the safety of new buildings during floods, and climate change resilience through measures such as sustainable drainage systems, it would not impact on this protected characteristic.	

Who is affected?	Impact (positive/negative/no change)	Explanation of impact	Actions to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact
Pregnancy and maternity	No Impact	As the Development and Flood Risk SPD deals with the safety of new buildings during floods, and climate change resilience through measures such as sustainable drainage systems, it would not impact on this protected characteristic.	
Race	No Impact	As the Development and Flood Risk SPD deals with the safety of new buildings during floods, and climate change resilience through measures such as sustainable drainage systems, it would not impact on this protected characteristic.	
Religion or belief	No Impact	As the Development and Flood Risk SPD deals with the safety of new buildings during floods, and climate change resilience through measures such as sustainable drainage systems, it would not impact on this protected characteristic.	
Sex	No Impact	As the Development and Flood Risk SPD deals with the safety of new buildings during floods, and climate	

Who is affected?	Impact (positive/negative/no change)	Explanation of impact	Actions to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact
		change resilience through measures such as sustainable drainage systems, it would not impact on this protected characteristic.	
Sexual orientation	No Impact	As the Development and Flood Risk SPD deals with the safety of new buildings during floods, and climate change resilience through measures such as sustainable drainage systems, it would not impact on this protected characteristic.	
Marriage and civil partnership	No Impact	As the Development and Flood Risk SPD deals with the safety of new buildings during floods, and climate change resilience through measures such as sustainable drainage systems, it would not impact on this protected characteristic.	

### 3 Sign Off

Assessment Author:	Sarah Barker	Date: 07/05/21
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Project Sponsor:	Martyn Fulcher	Date: 10/05/21

Please provide any supporting documents in the appendices below.

### Appendix 1 – Definition of the nine Protected Characteristics listed under the Equality Act 2010

Age	Where this is referred to, it refers to a person belonging to a particular age (for example 32 year olds) or range of ages
<b>5</b> : 1::::	(for example 18 - 30 year olds).
Disability	A person has a disability if s/he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect
	on that person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.
Gender	This refers to a person who is proposing to undergo, is undergoing or has undergone a change from one gender to
reassignment	another. The Equality Act introduced a number of changes to the legal protection of transgender and transsexual people.
	The Act no longer requires a person to be under medical supervision to be protected - for example, a woman who decides
	to live permanently as a man (or visa-versa), but does not undergo any medical procedures is protected by law.
Marriage and civil	Marriage is no longer restricted to a union between a man and a woman but now includes a marriage between same-sex
partnership	couples.
	Same-sex couples can also have their relationships legally recognised as 'civil partnerships'. Civil partners must not be
	treated less favourably than married couples (except where permitted by the Equality Act).
Pregnancy and	Pregnancy is the condition of being pregnant or expecting a baby. Maternity refers to the period after the birth, and is
maternity	linked to maternity leave in the employment context. In the non-work context, protection against maternity discrimination
	is for 26 weeks after giving birth, and this includes treating a woman unfavourably because she is breastfeeding.
Race	This refers to a group of people defined by their race, skin colour, and/or nationality (including citizenship) ethnic or
	national origins. The term ethnic minority community is used to define a group of people that is numerically smaller than
	the predominant white British community. This includes people from communities such as such as Irish, Turkish, Cypriot,
	Eastern European and Travelling people.
Religion and	The term "religion" refers to both the personal practices related to communal faith and to group rituals and communication
belief	stemming from shared conviction. Belief can include religious and philosophical beliefs, including lack of belief (e.g.
	atheism). Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included in this definition.
Sex (Gender)	This refers to either a male (man) or female (woman).

Sexual	Whether a person's sexual attraction is towards their own sex, the opposite sex or to both sexes.
orientation	

Further information on the protected characteristics can be found on the Office of Public Sector Information Website

The report helps us to 'eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment & victimisation' in the following way(s): \*
It aims to ensure that flood risk assessments are based on up to date information and that buildings in flood zones are safe for all and climate change resilient.

The report helps us to 'advance equality of opportunity...' in the following way(s): \*
It aims to ensure that flood risk assessments are based on up to date information and that buildings in flood zones are safe for all and climate change resilient.

The policy helps us to 'foster good relations...' in the following way(s): \*

The Development and Flood Risk SPD provides guidance, not policy. It supports Local Plan policy that has itself been subject to Equality Impact Assessment. As stated above, the SPD aims to ensure that flood risk assessments are based on up to date information and that buildings in flood zones are safe for all and climate change resilient.

The new provisions will be reviewed in the following way(s): \*

The Authority Monitoring Report reports annually on planning applications that the Environment Agency are advised of because of flood risk issues.