## **Permit With Introductory Note**



The Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999
The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010
(as amended)

Lafarge Tarmac Trading Limited Portland House Bickenhill Lane Solihull Birmingham B37 7BQ

LAPPC Permit Ref no: **EP46/4/RAB** 

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## **Chronicle**

Detail	Date	Comments
LAPPC Deemed Applicable	28.04.08	Duly made
Consultation Permit	12.08.08	
Permit Issued	04.12.12	
Variation notice	04.12.12	
Draft Permit	13.08.13	Permit reference EP46/3
Draft Permit	27.11.13	Permit reference EP46/4
Variation Notice	13.3.14	WK/201304994
Permit	13.3.14	EP46/4/RAB

Permit issued by:

Environmental Health Ipswich Borough Council Floor 3 West Grafton House 15-17 Russell Road

Ipswich IP1 2DE Telephone: Fax: 01473 433115 01473 433062 www.ipswich.gov.uk

Website: Email:

environmentalprotection@ipswich.gov.uk

#### **INTRODUCTORY NOTE**

This introductory note does not form part of the permit

The following Permit is issued under Regulation 13 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended), to operate a scheduled installation carrying out an activity, or activities covered by the description in sections 3.1(B)b in Part 2 to Schedule 1 of the EP regulations, to the extent authorised by the Permit.

Conditions within this Permit detail Best Available Techniques (BAT), for the management and operation of the installation, to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to reduce emissions.

In determining BAT, the Operator should pay particular attention to the relevant Process Guidance note and any other relevant guidance. Techniques include both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned.

Note that the Permit requires the submission of certain information to the Regulator, and in addition, the Regulator has the power to seek further information at any time under Regulation 60 of the EP Regulations provided that the request is reasonable.

#### **Public Registers**

Information relating to Permits, including the application, is available on public registers in accordance with the EP Regulations. Certain information may be withheld from the public registers where it is commercially confidential, or if it is in the interest of national security to do so.

## **Variations to the Permit**

The Regulator may vary the permit in the future, by serving a variation notice on the Operator. Should the Operator want any of the conditions of the Permit to be changed, a formal application must be submitted to the Regulator (the relevant forms are available from the Regulator). The Status Log that forms part of this introductory note will include summary details of this Permit, variations issued up to that point in time and state whether a consolidated version of the Permit has been issued.

#### Transfer of the Permit or Part of the Permit

Before the Permit can be wholly or partially transferred to another Operator, an application to transfer the Permit has to be made jointly by the existing and proposed Operators. A transfer will not be approved if the Regulator is not satisfied that the proposed Permit holder will be the person having control over the operation of the installation, or will not comply with the conditions of the transferred Permit. In addition, if the Permit authorises the Operator to carry out a specified waste management activity, the transfer will not be approved if the Regulator does not consider the proposed Permit holder to be a 'fit and proper person' as required by the Regulations.

#### **Surrender of the Permit**

Where an operator intends to cease the operation of an installation (in whole or in part) the Regulator should be informed in writing. Such notification must include the information specified in Regulation 24(3) of the EP Regulations.

#### Responsibility under Workplace Health and Safety Legislation

The permit is given in relation to the requirements of the EP Regulations. It must not be taken to replace any responsibilities an Operator may have under the workplace health and safety legislation.

#### <u>Appeal Against Permit Conditions</u>

Any person who is aggrieved by the conditions attached to a Permit can appeal to the Secretary of State for Environment, Food & Rural Affairs. Appeals must be received by the Secretary of State no later than 6 months from the date of the decision (the date of the Permit).

Appeals relating to installations in England should be received by the Secretary of State for Environment, Food & Rural Affairs. The address is as follows:

The Planning Inspectorate
Environmental Appeals Administration
Room 4/19 – Eagle Wing
Temple Quay House
2 The Square
Temple Quay
Bristol, BS1 PN

The appeal must be in the form of a written notice or letter stating that the person wishes to appeal and listing the condition(s) which is/are being appealed against. The following five items must be included:

- (a) A statement of the grounds of appeal;
- (b) A copy of any relevant application;
- (c) A copy of any relevant Permit;
- (d) A copy of any relevant correspondence between the person making the appeal and the Council;
- (e) A statement indicating whether the appellant wishes the appeal to be dealt with.
  - by a hearing attended by both parties and conducted by an inspector appointed by the Secretary of State; or
  - by both parties sending the Secretary of State written statements of their case (and having the opportunity to comment upon one another's statements).

At the same time, the notice of appeal and documents (a) and (e) must be sent to the Council, and the person making the appeal should inform the appropriate Secretary of State that this had been done.

- An appeal will not suspend the effect of the conditions appealed against; the conditions must still be complied with.
- In determining an appeal against one or more conditions, the Act allows the Secretary of State in addition to quash any of the other conditions not subject to the appeal and to direct the local authority to either vary any of these conditions or to add new conditions.

#### Talking to us

Please quote the Permit Number if you contact the Regulator about this permit. To give a notification, the Operator should telephone 01473 433115 or any other number notified in writing by the Regulator for that purpose.

#### **IPSWICH BOROUGH COUNCIL**

## POLLUTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT 1999 Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended)

Permit ref. no: EP46/4/RAB

## Name and address of person (A) authorised to operate the installation ('the operator')

Lafarge Tarmac Trading Limited
Portland House, Bickenhill Lane, Solihull, Birmingham, B37 7BQ

## Registered number and office of company

Lafarge Tarmac Trading Limited
Portland House, Bickenhill Lane, Solihull, Birmingham, B37 7BQ

#### Address of permitted installation (B)

Lafarge Tarmac Trading Limited (Ipswich Works)
The Docks, Cliff Road, Cliff Quay, Ipswich, IP3 0BG

Sara Boyles

Principle Environmental Health Officer The Authorised Officer for this purpose

Permit issued by:

Signature :-

Environmental Protection Services Floor 3W Ipswich Borough Council Grafton House

15-17 Russell Road

Ipswich IP1 2DE

Telephone: 01473 433115

Fax: 01473 433062

Website: www.ipswich.gov.uk

Email: environmentalprotection@ipswich.gov.uk

Date: 13th March 2014

The installation boundary and key items of equipment mentioned in permit conditions are shown in the plans attached to this permit.

## **Activity description**

The process involves the blending of coarse aggregate, fine aggregate and cementitious material with water in order to manufacture ready mixed concrete. This involves the delivery, storage, transfer, mixing and loading of aggregates and cementitious material on site.

## Ready Mixed Concrete

Concrete is manufactured by mixing, in carefully controlled proportions, Portland cement or a mixture of cementitious material in powder form, together with coarse and fine aggregates (gravel, crushed stone or sand), and water.

#### Bulk Powdered Material Transfer

Cement and other powdered cementitious materials are delivered by road in bulk tankers. The powdered materials are transferred through a closed system of heavy duty hoses to storage silos, using compressed air as a carrier medium. Silos are vented to allow air to escape through filters.

The attached drawing on page 10 shows an illustrated flow diagram of the process that occurs on site.

The operator (A) is authorised to operate the activitiy at the installation (B) subject to the following conditions:

## **Conditions**

#### Emissions and monitoring

- 1. No visible particulate matter shall be emitted beyond the installation boundary.
- 2. The emission requirements and methods and frequency of monitoring set out in Table 1 shall be complied with. Sampling shall be representative.

Any monitoring display required for compliance with the permit shall be visible to operating staff at all times. Corrective action shall be taken immediately if any periodic monitoring result exceeds a limit in Table 1, or if there is a malfunction or breakdown of any equipment which might increase emissions. Monitoring shall be undertaken or repeated as soon as possible thereafter and a brief record shall be kept of the main actions taken.

All plant and equipment capable of causing, or preventing, emissions and all
monitoring devices shall be calibrated and maintained in accordance with the
manufacturer's instructions. Records shall be kept of such maintenance.

## Silos

- 4. Bulk cement shall only be stored within the bulk cement silos.
- 5. Dust emissions from loading or unloading road tankers shall be minimised by back-venting to a delivery tanker fitted with an on-board, truck-mounted relief valve and filtration system and by connecting transfer lines first to the delivery inlet point and then to the tanker discharge point, and by ensuring delivery is at a rate which does not pressurise the silo.
- 6. Silos and bulk containers of dusty materials shall not be overfilled and there shall be an overfilling alarm.
- 7. When loading silos which were new after Jun 2004, deliveries must automatically stop where overfilling or over-pressurisation is identified.
- 8. Displaced air from pneumatic transfer shall pass through abatement plant prior to emission to air.

## Aggregates delivery and storage

Dusty materials (including dusty wastes) shall only be stored in the two storage bays as
detailed on the plan attached to this permit and shall be subject to suppression and
management techniques to minimise dust emissions.

## Belt conveying

 All dusty materials, including wastes, shall be conveyed using a belt conveyor with adequate protection against wind whipping installed where necessary.

## Loading, unloading and transport

11. No potential dusty materials (including wastes) or finished products shall arrive on, or leave, the site other than by use of vehicles with pressure relief and filtration systems.

## Roadways and transportation

- 12. All areas where there is regular movement of vehicles shall have a consolidated surface capable of being cleaned, and these surfaces shall be kept clean and in good repair. Quarry haul roads are excluded from this provision.
- 13. Vehicles shall not track material from the site onto the highway.

#### Techniques to control fugitive emissions

14. The fabric of process buildings shall be maintained so as to minimise visible dust emissions.

#### Records and training

15. Written or computer records of all tests and monitoring shall be kept by the operator for at least 24 months. They shall be made available for examination by the Council. Records shall be kept of operator inspections, including those for visible emissions.

16. Staff at all levels shall receive the necessary training and instruction to enable them to comply with the conditions of this permit. Records shall be kept of relevant training undertaken.

## Best available techniques

- 17. The best available techniques shall be used to prevent or, where that is not practicable, reduce emissions from the installation in relation to any aspect of the operation of the installation which is not regulated by any other condition of this permit.
- 18. If the operator proposes to make a change in operation of the installation, he must, at least 14 days before making the change, notify the regulator in writing. The notification must contain a description of the proposed change in operation. It is not necessary to make such a notification if an application to vary this permit has been made and the application contains a description of the proposed change. In this condition change in operation means a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension, of the installation, which may have consequences for the environment.

## **Right of Appeal**

You have the right of appeal against this permit within 6 months of the date of the decision. The Council can tell you how to appeal. You will normally be expected to pay your own expenses during an appeal.

You will be liable for prosecution if you fail to comply with the conditions of this permit. If found guilty, the maximum penalty for each offence if prosecuted in a Magistrates Court is £50,000 and/or 6 months imprisonment. In a Crown Court it is an unlimited fine and/or 5 years imprisonment.

Our enforcement of your permit will be in accordance with the Regulators' Compliance Code.

1 Emission limits, monitoring and related provisions

1       Particulate matter       Whole Process       No visible airborne emission to cross the site boundary where harm or nuisance may be caused       Operator       At least daily         Silo inlets and outlets (for silos new since 1st July 2004)       Droplets, persistent       No visible emission       No visible emission         Droplets, persistent steam and condensed water wapour)       All emissions to air (except fume.)       No droplets, no persistent mist, no persistent mist, no persistent fume.       Visual observations two more occasions durily the working day	Row	v Substance	Source	Emission limits/provisions	Type of	Monitoring frequency
Silo inlets and outlets (for silos new since 1st July 2004)  Droplets, persistent All emissions to air (except mist and fume steam and condensed water vapour)  Silo inlets and outlets  No visible emission  No droplets, no persistent mist, no persistent  fume.  Designed to emit less than 10mg/m³  No visible emission  No droplets, no persistent mist, no persistent  Visual observations  fume.	<u>-</u>	Particulate matter	Whole Process	No visible airborne emission to cross the site boundary where harm or nuisance may be caused	Operator	At least daily
Droplets, persistent All emissions to air (except No droplets, no persistent mist, no persistent Visual observations mist and fume steam and condensed water fume.			Silo inlets and outlets (for silos new since 1st July 2004) Silo inlets and outlets	Designed to emit less than 10mg/m³ No visible emission	Operator observations	At time of delivery
	2	Droplets, persistent mist and fume	All emissions to air (except steam and condensed water vapour)	No droplets, no persistent mist, no persistent fume.	Visual observations	On start-up and on at least two more occasions during the working day

Only emissions to atmosphere are required to comply with the emission limits within this table.

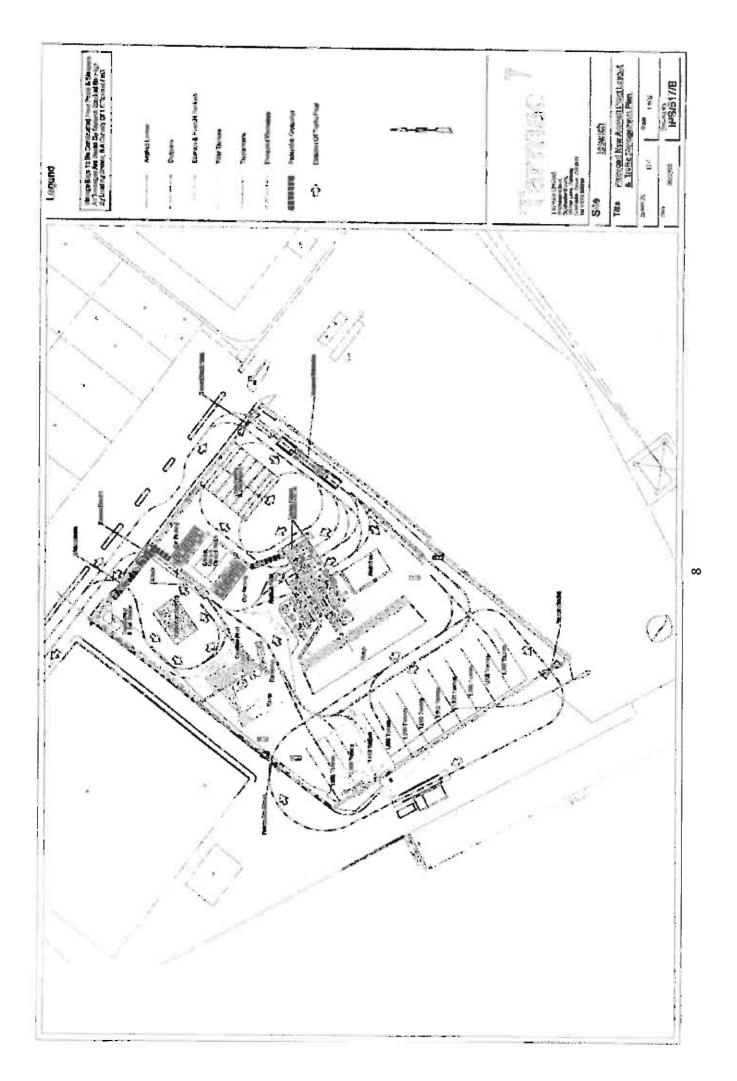
# Notes

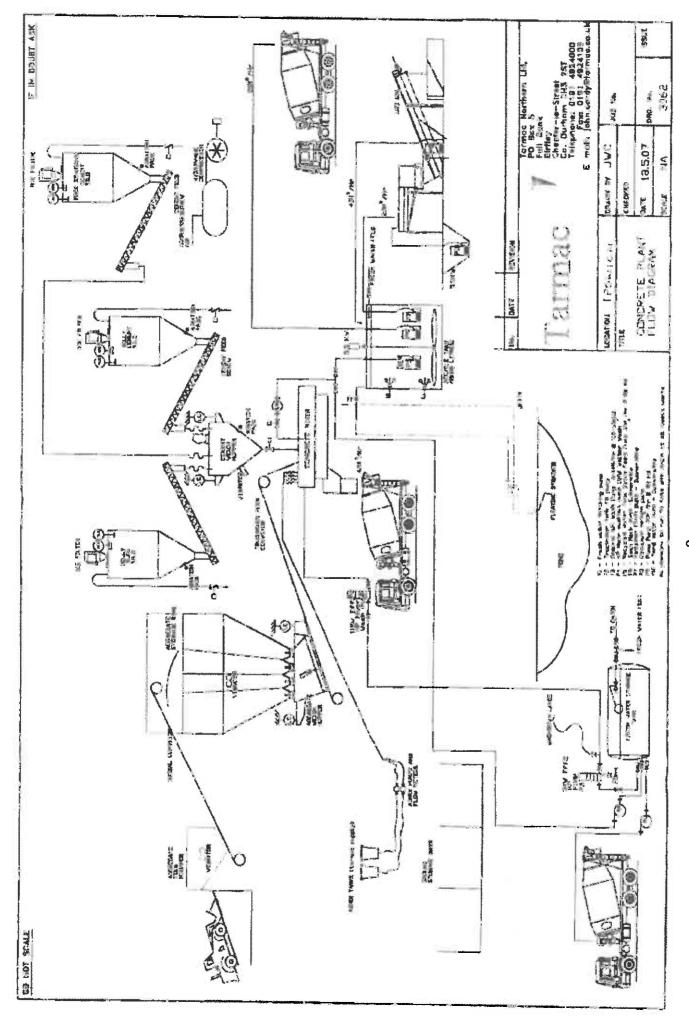
All periodic monitoring results shall be checked by the operator on receipt and sent to the Council within 8 weeks of the monitoring being undertaken.

a) The reference conditions for limits in Table 1 are: 273.1K, 101.3kPa, without correction for water vapour content, unless stated otherwise.

b) All periodic monitoring shall be representative, and shall use standard methods.

c) The emission limits do not apply during start-up and shut down. All emissions shall be kept to a minimum during these periods.





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